

06-05-00

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Date: May 31, 2000File-No. A-68938/MAK/LM

Patent Application
 Commissioner of Patents
 Washington, DC 20231-0001

Sir:

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NUMBER EL542892700USDATE OF DEPOSIT May 31, 2000

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 APPLICATION, COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS, WASHINGTON, DC 20231-
 0001.

TYPED NAME Hammid SanchezSIGNED [Signature]

Transmitted herewith for filing is the patent application of inventor(s):

James C. Lungaro, Susan W. Tso, Llavanya Fernando, and Simon Lee

For:

A SECURE, ENCRYPTING PIN PAD

Enclosed are also:

- ☐ Information Disclosure Statement, PTO 1449 & ___ references
- ☒ 13 sheets of Specification and Abstract
- ☒ 4 sheets of drawings. Formal ___, Informal X
- ☐ An Assignment of the invention to: _____
 (cost of recording to be charged to Deposit Account No. 06-1300 (Order No. /))
- ☐ Power of Attorney by Assignee
- ☐ Combined Declaration and Power of Attorney for Patent Application
- ☒ Declaration for Patent Application (**UNSIGNED**)
- ☐ Associate Power of Attorney
- ☐ Small Entity Status Declaration Under 37 CFR 1.9(f) and 1.27(b)

	(Col. 1) NO. FILED	(Col. 2) NO. EXTRA	SMALL ENTITY		OTHER THAN SMALL ENTITY	
			RATE	FEE	RATE	FEE
BASIC FEE				\$ 345		\$ 690
TOTAL CLAIMS	22 - 20 =	2	x 9 =	\$ 18	x 18 =	\$
INDEP CLAIMS	4 - 3 =	1	x 39 =	\$ 39	x 78 =	\$
MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM PRESENTED []			+ 130 =	\$ 0	+ 260 =	\$
If the difference in Col 1 is less than zero, enter "0" in Col. 2			TOTAL	\$ 402	TOTAL	\$ 0

- ☒ Our check No. 30303 in the amount of \$402.00 to cover the filing fee is enclosed.
- ☒ The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required, including extension fees, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 06-1300 (our Order No. A-68938/MAK/LM)

Respectfully submitted,

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PATENT APPLICATION

A SECURE, ENCRYPTING PIN PAD

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A SECURE, ENCRYPTING PIN PAD

5 This invention relates to encryption circuits and to PIN pads. More specifically, this invention relates to the securing through encryption of information entered on a PIN pad.

BACKGROUND

10 Well established in the art of securing a financial transaction is the use of a key pad to verify that the person transacting business is in fact the rightful person authorized to perform the transaction. Many people are familiar with the personal identification numbers or "PINs" that are ubiquitous in transactions involving debit
15 cards.

 The reasoning behind PINs is that only the person authorized to use the account underlying the debit card knows the PIN for the card. As such, any person's ability to produce that PIN on demand verifies that he is in fact the person authorized to transact business using the
20 account.

 A weak link in this reasoning is the assumption that knowledge of a PIN proves that the knowledgeable person is the rightful person. A wrongful person of ill will may acquire the PIN through a number of means: She may trick the information from the rightful person.
25 She may oversee the entry of the PIN into a pad. She may access the database of account numbers and PINs of a business that previously completed a transaction with the account. She may access the database of account numbers and PINs of the financial institution maintaining the account. At a more sophisticated level, she may intercept the
30 transmission of the PIN information between the PIN pad on which it is entered and the computer that verifies it.

Figure 1 illustrates a transaction-verification system 100 according to the prior art. The system 100 includes a merchant 120, alliances and partners 130, processing center 140 and service providers 1A0. The system 100 also includes communications links 160, 170 and 180.

5 The links 160, 180 communicatively couple the merchant 120 and alliances and business partners 130. The links 170, 180 communicatively couple the alliance and partners 130 and the processing center 140. The link 180 communicatively interconnects the merchant 120, the alliances and partners 130, the processing center 140 and the service
10 providers 1A0. The link 180 may be the Internet.

The merchant 120 includes a merchant data center 127, one or more point-of-sale (POS) platforms 126 and the communications link 128. The link 128 communicatively couples the POS system 126 and the merchant data center 127.

15 The POS platform 126 itself includes a cash register 1262 or the like, a keypad 1261 and a communications link 1263. The link 1263 communicatively couples the cash register 1262 and the keypad 1261.

Where a data center 130, 140, 1A0 verifies a PIN entered on the keypad 1261, the PIN information travels over several of the
20 communications links 1263, 128, 160, 170, 180 before the data center receives the information for verification. A sophisticated malefactor may intercept the PIN information along any of these communications links.

In response, the art has evolved to encrypt or otherwise
25 protect PIN information almost always over a communications link 160, 170 or 180 and sometimes over a communications link 128: The merchant's data center 127 encrypts the PIN before passing it on to the business partner 130, 140, 1A0 to verify.

However, the PIN information still travels unencrypted over
30 multiple communications links. The sophisticated malefactor still may intercept PIN information along the link 1263 between the PIN keypad and the first computer system capable of encrypting the PIN information –

here, the cash register 1262. The sophisticated malefactor may intercept PIN information between the cash register 1262 and the merchant's data center 127.

Accordingly, a method of securing the entry and verification of a PIN is desirable where the unencrypted PIN information virtually cannot be intercepted between its entry on a PIN pad and a first receiving computer system capable of encrypting the information.

These and other goals of the invention will be readily apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art on reading the background above and the description below.

SUMMARY

Herein are described apparatus and methods for encrypting an identifier such as a PIN entered on a keypad. The apparatus may include a pad, an encrypting circuit adjacent the pad and a link. The pad is for entering an identifier, and the circuit for encrypting the entered identifier. The link communicatively couples the pad and the encrypting circuit.

The pad may be a physical touch pad such as an N-wire-technology touch pad (where N is 4, 5, 6, 7 or other). Alternatively, the pad may be a virtual touch screen.

The encrypting circuit may be a CPU along with a memory coupled to the CPU and programmed to encrypt. The CPU and programmed memory may be the first CPU programmable to encrypt the entered identifier, through which the identifier passes.

The encrypting circuit may be a microcontroller programmed to encrypt. In still another variation, the encrypting circuit may be an application-specific integrated circuit (ASIC).

The apparatus may include a housing that encloses the encrypting circuit and link. The housing would be resistant to access, tampering or tapping. The housing may be at least partially of chip-on-glass technology.

The encrypting circuit may be embedded in the housing, as may the link.

A method for encrypting an identifier includes placing a pad for entering an identifier, a circuit for encrypting an identifier and a link communicatively coupling the pad and the circuit adjacent in an access-resistant housing. An identifier is entered on the pad and communicated to the encrypting circuit. The encrypting circuit encrypts the identifier. The encrypted identifier may be forwarded for verification.

10

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Figure 1 illustrates a transaction-verification system according to the prior art.

Figure 2 illustrates a transaction system incorporating an embodiment of the invention.

Figure 3 is a block diagram of the components of the keypad from the transaction system of Figure 2.

Figure 4 illustrates physical aspects of the pin pad of Figure 2.

20

DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

DEVICES

- A Secure, Encrypting PIN Pad

Figure 2 illustrates a transaction-verification system 200 according to the prior art. The system 200 includes a merchant 220, alliances and partners 130, processing center 140 and service providers 1A0. The system 200 also includes communications links 160, 170 and 180.

The links 160, 180 communicatively couple the merchant 220 and alliances and business partners 130. The links 170, 180 communicatively couple the alliance and partners 130 and the processing center 140. The link 180 communicatively interconnects the merchant 220,

the alliances and partners 130, the processing center 140 and the service providers 1A0. The link 180 may be the Internet.

The merchant 220 may include a merchant data center 227, one or more point-of-sale (POS) platforms 226 and the communications link 228. The link 228 communicatively couples the POS system 226 and the merchant data center 227.

The POS platform 226 itself may include a cash register 2262 or the like, a keypad 2261 and a communications link 2263. The link 2263 communicatively couples the cash register 2262 and the keypad 2261.

Figure 3 is a block diagram of the components of the keypad 2261. The keypad 2261 may include a touch-pad 310, a controller 320 and a microcontroller 330, as well as the communications links 340 and 350. The link 340 communicatively couples the touch pad 310 and the controller 320, while the link 350 communicatively couples the controller 320 and the microcontroller 330.

The touch pad 310 is of any type known in the art, and therefore, further description of it is omitted – except to say that in one embodiment, the output of the touch pad 310 is consistent with one of the N-wire technologies known in the art of touch pads and that in another embodiment, the touch pad 310 is an LCD/touch-pad combination also known in the art. (N is 4, 5, 7 or some other number.)

The controller 320 contains sufficient intelligence to accept the output of the touch pad 310 and convert it into input usable by the microcontroller 330. Where the output of the touch-pad 310 is N-wire-technology output (N equals, 4, 5, 7 or other), the controller 320 produces an output representative of a sequence of positions where the touch pad 310 has been touched.

The microcontroller 330 may contain a CPU 335, a memory 331, 332, a touch-pad interface 333 and a POS-system interface 334. The memory 331, 332 of the microcontroller 330 may be programmed to perform the invention as described herein, including receiving, converting and encrypting input from the controller 320. Alternatively, the

microcontroller 330 may include an application- specific integrated circuit (ASIC) or other hardware 336 for performing the encryption.

The touch-pad interface 333 may be a parallel/serial conversion port.

5 The microcontroller 330 may be embedded conceptually, physically or both: The microcontroller 330 may form part of a larger machine of some non-computing type, here, a keypad 2261 or a POS 226. Also, the construction of the keypad 2261 may include chip-on-glass (COG) technology, well known in the art of LCDs, wherein the microcontroller
10 330 and the touch pad controller 320 are embedded in glass. Where the microcontroller 330 and the controller 320 are embedded, the link 350 may be embedded. Preferably, the link 340 is embedded as much as is practicable.

 Alternatively, the microcontroller 330 and the controller 320
15 may be embedded in the substance of the touch pad 310. That is to say, the circuitry 330, 320 may exist in the glass or the substrate of the touch pad 310 or in the (typically, plastic) housing of the touch pad 310. Again, where the circuitry 330, 320 are embedded, the link 350 may be embedded -- preferably, as much as is practicable.

20 The embedding technology (COG or otherwise) has the advantage that the surrounding mass provides tamper-resistant protection -- particularly anti-tap protection -- for the microcontroller 330 and the circuitry 320 and links 340, 350 between it and the touch pad 310. Also, the adjacency (that is to say, nearness) of the microcontroller 330 to
25 the touch pad 310 reduces the physical space to which a malfeasant may have access.

 The touch pad 310 may have a flex tail for its connection 340. The flex tail may be embedded in the glass, substrate or housing of the touch pad 310.

30 Figure 4 illustrates physical aspects of the pin pad 2261. The glass 370 and the touch pad 310 touch. The circuit 330 is sandwiched

between the glass 370 and the touch pad 310. The glass is less than 0.5 inches thick and is typically 0.053 inches or less.

When a person touches the keypad, an N-wire-technology touch pad 310 generates voltages. The controller 320 converts these voltages into positional representations ("positions") and presents these positions to the microcontroller 330 on the interface 333. The microcontroller 330 converts the representations from positional to alphanumeric.

Now, with the alphanumeric PIN in its memory 331, 332, the microcontroller 330 encrypts the PIN information and forwards it to the verifying component (say, transaction-security component 1A0) of the transaction system for verification.

As is well known in the art of encryption, at least one component of the transaction system 200 knows how to decrypt the PIN information from the keypad 2261. However, some component different from the verifying component and between the keypad 2261 and the verifying component may decrypt the PIN information and re-encrypt it according to a second protocol before forwarding it to the verifying component. Alternatively, an intermediate component may doubly encrypt the PIN information, that is to say, encrypt the already encrypted PIN information (possibly according to a second protocol) before forwarding that information to the verifying component.

The invention now being fully described, many changes and modifications that can be made thereto without departing from the spirit or scope of the appended claims will be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art. The controller 320's converting the positional information of the touch pad 310 into alphanumeric information (rather than the microcontroller's doing so) is an example. That the circuit 330 may be separate or integrated into the touch pad is another example.

30

Table 1. Demographic characteristics of the study population	
Age (years)	50.0 ± 10.0
Gender	
Male	50.0%
Female	50.0%
Education	
High school	50.0%
University	50.0%
Occupation	
Unemployed	50.0%
Employed	50.0%
Marital status	
Married	50.0%
Single	50.0%
Divorced	50.0%
Widowed	50.0%
Religion	
Islam	50.0%
Christianity	50.0%
Judaism	50.0%
Hinduism	50.0%
Buddhism	50.0%
Sikhism	50.0%
Other	50.0%
Smoking status	
Smoker	50.0%
Non-smoker	50.0%
Alcohol consumption	
Alcohol consumer	50.0%
Non-alcohol consumer	50.0%
Family size	
1-2	50.0%
3-4	50.0%
5-6	50.0%
7-8	50.0%
9-10	50.0%
11-12	50.0%
13-14	50.0%
15-16	50.0%
17-18	50.0%
19-20	50.0%
21-22	50.0%
23-24	50.0%
25-26	50.0%
27-28	50.0%
29-30	50.0%
31-32	50.0%
33-34	50.0%
35-36	50.0%
37-38	50.0%
39-40	50.0%
41-42	50.0%
43-44	50.0%
45-46	50.0%
47-48	50.0%
49-50	50.0%
51-52	50.0%
53-54	50.0%
55-56	50.0%
57-58	50.0%
59-60	50.0%
61-62	50.0%
63-64	50.0%
65-66	50.0%
67-68	50.0%
69-70	50.0%
71-72	50.0%
73-74	50.0%
75-76	50.0%
77-78	50.0%
79-80	50.0%
81-82	50.0%
83-84	50.0%
85-86	50.0%
87-88	50.0%
89-90	50.0%
91-92	50.0%
93-94	50.0%
95-96	50.0%
97-98	50.0%
99-100	50.0%
101-102	50.0%
103-104	50.0%
105-106	50.0%
107-108	50.0%
109-110	50.0%
111-112	50.0%
113-114	50.0%
115-116	50.0%
117-118	50.0%
119-120	50.0%
121-122	50.0%
123-124	50.0%
125-126	50.0%
127-128	50.0%
129-130	50.0%
131-132	50.0%
133-134	50.0%
135-136	50.0%
137-138	50.0%
139-140	50.0%
141-142	50.0%
143-144	50.0%
145-146	50.0%
147-148	50.0%
149-150	50.0%
151-152	50.0%
153-154	50.0%
155-156	50.0%
157-158	50.0%
159-160	50.0%
161-162	50.0%
163-164	50.0%
165-166	50.0%
167-168	50.0%
169-170	50.0%
171-172	50.0%
173-174	50.0%
175-176	50.0%
177-178	50.0%
179-180	50.0%
181-182	50.0%
183-184	50.0%
185-186	50.0%
187-188	50.0%
189-190	50.0%
191-192	50.0%
193-194	50.0%
195-196	50.0%
197-198	50.0%
199-200	50.0%
201-202	50.0%
203-204	50.0%
205-206	50.0%
207-208	50.0%
209-210	50.0%
211-212	50.0%
213-214	50.0%
215-216	50.0%
217-218	50.0%
219-220	50.0%
221-222	50.0%
223-224	50.0%
225-226	50.0%
227-228	50.0%
229-230	50.0

1 1. An apparatus for encrypting an identifier, the
2 apparatus comprising:
3 a pad for entering an identifier;
4 a circuit, adjacent the pad, for encrypting the entered
5 identifier; and
6 a link, communicatively coupling the pad and the encrypting
7 circuit.

1 2. The apparatus of claim 1,
2 wherein the pad comprises
3 a touch pad.

1 3. The apparatus of claim 2,
2 wherein the touch pad comprises
3 an N-wire-technology touch pad.

1 4. The apparatus of claim 2,
2 wherein the touch pad comprises
3 a four-wire-technology touch pad.

1 5. The apparatus of claim 2,
2 wherein the touch pad comprises
3 a seven-wire-technology touch pad.

1 6. The apparatus of claim 1,
2 wherein the pad comprises
3 a touch screen.

1 7. The apparatus of claim 1,

1 16. The apparatus of claim 12, wherein the housing
2 comprises
3 housing in which the encrypting circuit is embedded.

1 17. The apparatus of claim 12, wherein the housing
2 comprises
3 housing in which the link and encrypting circuit are
4 embedded.

1 **18.** An apparatus for encrypting an identifier, the
2 apparatus comprising:
3 a pad, comprising one of a touch screen and an N-wire-
4 technology touch pad, for entering a personal identifier (PIN);
5 a circuit, adjacent the pad and comprising one of a
6 programmed microcontroller and an ASIC, for encrypting the entered
7 identifier;
8 a link, communicatively coupling the pad and the encrypting
9 circuit; and
10 a housing, resistant to access and at least partially of
11 chip-on-glass technology, in which the link and encrypting circuit
12 are embedded.

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1          19.  A method for encrypting an identifier, the method
2 comprising:
3     placing a
4         pad for entering an identifier,

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A SECURE, ENCRYPTING PIN PAD

ABSTRACT

Apparatus and methods for encrypting an identifier such as a PIN entered on a keypad. The apparatus may include a pad, an encrypting circuit adjacent the pad and a link coupling the pad and the encrypting circuit. The pad is for entering an identifier, and the circuit for encrypting the entered identifier. The pad may be a physical touch pad such as an N-wire-technology touch pad. Alternatively, the pad may be a virtual touch screen. The encrypting circuit may be a CPU along with a memory coupled to the CPU and programmed to encrypt. The CPU and programmed memory may be the first CPU programmable to encrypt the entered identifier, through which the identifier passes. The encrypting circuit may be a microcontroller programmed to encrypt. In still another variation, the encrypting circuit may be an application-specific integrated circuit (ASIC). The apparatus may include a housing that encloses the encrypting circuit and link. The housing would be resistant to access, tampering or tapping. The housing may be at least partially of chip-on-glass technology. The encrypting circuit may be embedded in the housing, as may the link. A method for encrypting an identifier includes placing a pad for entering an identifier, a circuit for encrypting an identifier and a link communicatively coupling the pad and the circuit adjacent in an access-resistant housing. An identifier is entered on the pad and communicated to the encrypting circuit. The encrypting circuit encrypts the identifier. The encrypted identifier may be forwarded for verification.

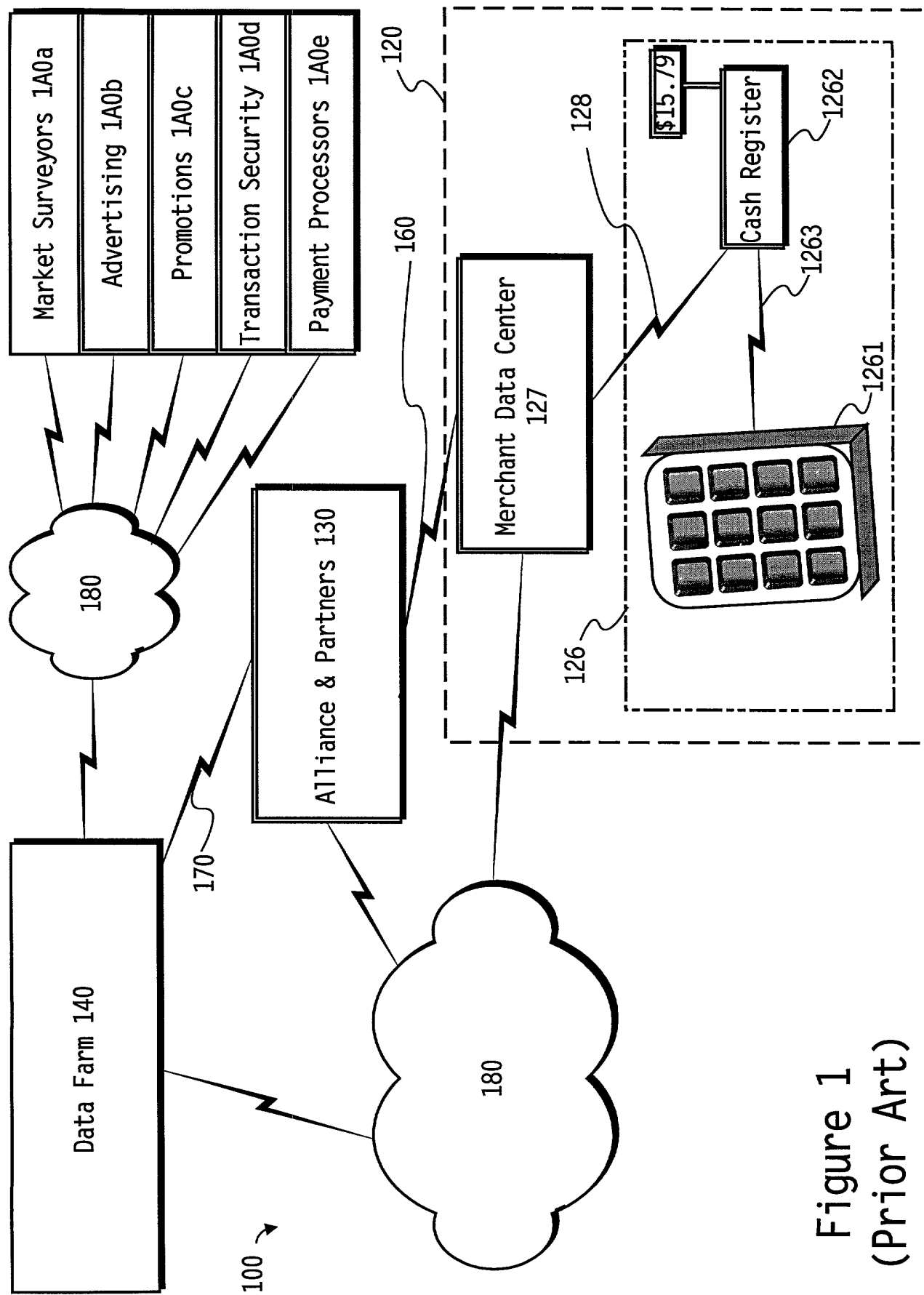


Figure 1
(Prior Art)

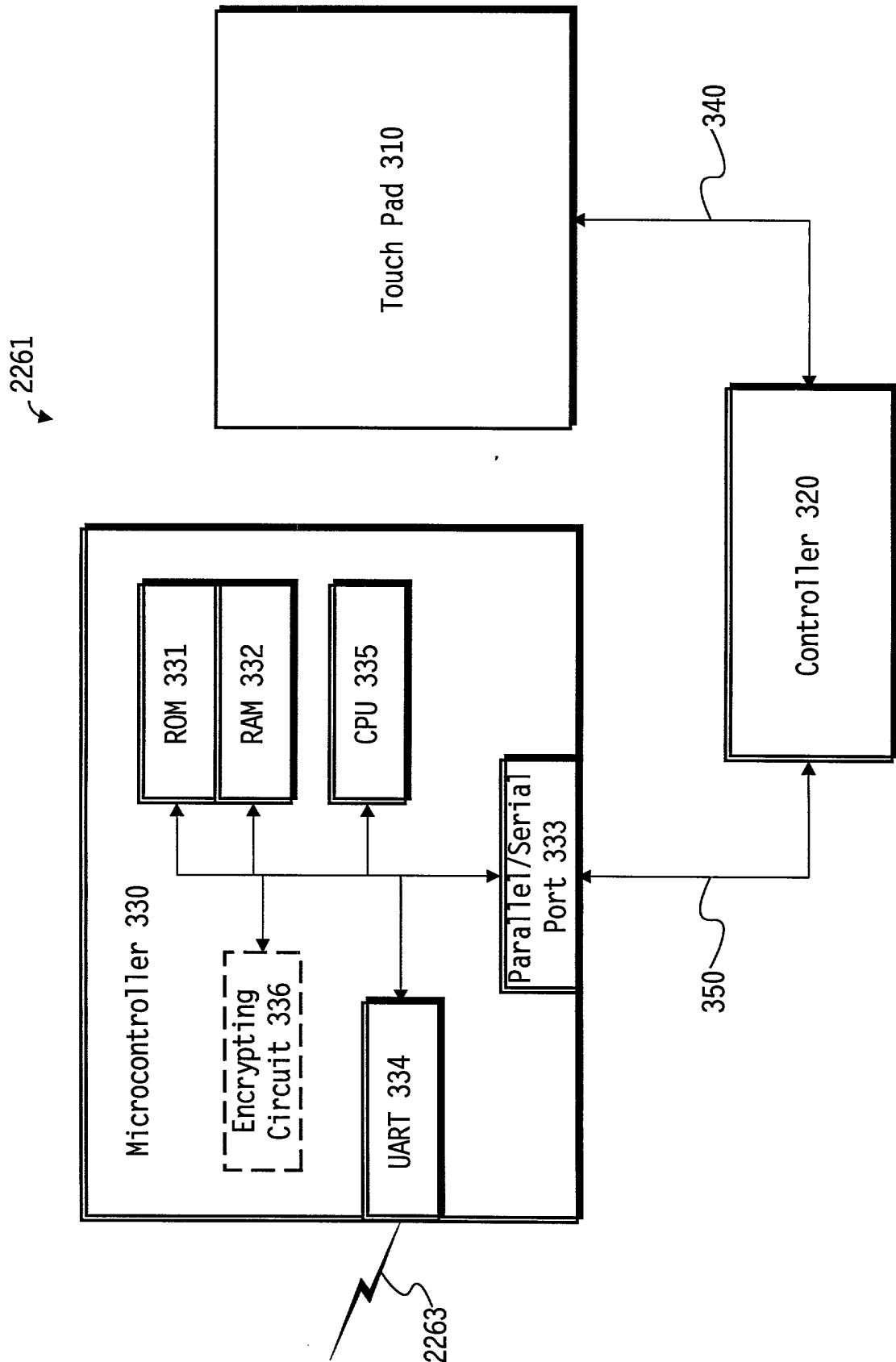


Figure 3

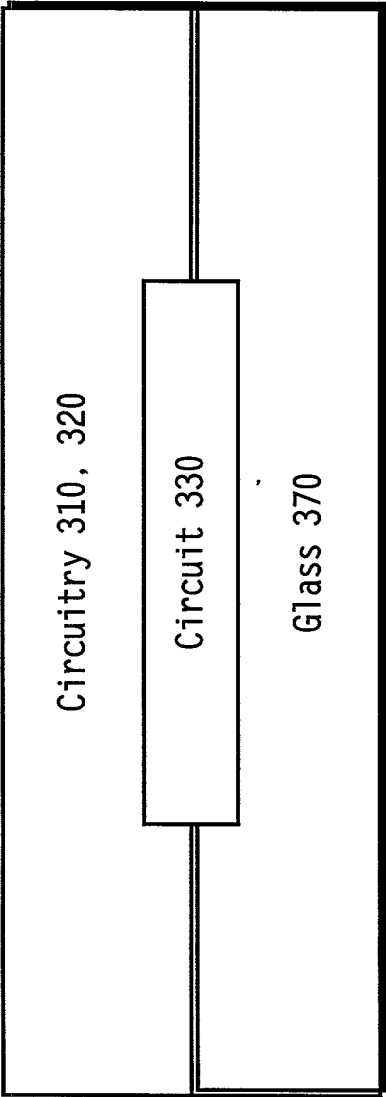


Figure 4

DECLARATION FOR PATENT APPLICATION

As a below-named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name,

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled A SECURE, ENCRYPTING PIN PAD, the specification of which

(check
one) ☒ is attached hereto.

☐ was filed on _____ as
Application Serial No. _____
and was amended on _____
(if applicable)

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the Patent Office all information known to me to be material to patentability as defined in 37 CFR 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, §119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

Prior Foreign Application(s)			Priority Claimed	
_____	_____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(Number)	(Country)	(Day/Month/Year Filed)	Yes	No
_____	_____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(Number)	(Country)	(Day/Month/Year Filed)	Yes	No
_____	_____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(Number)	(Country)	(Day/Month/Year Filed)	Yes	No

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, §120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the Patent Office all information known to me to be material to patentability as defined in 37 CFR 1.56 which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

_____	_____	_____
(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status)
		(patented, pending, abandoned)
_____	_____	_____
(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status)
		(patented, pending, abandoned)

001530109-053100

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File No. A-68938/MAK/LM

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Title 18, United States Code, §1001 and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

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Date: _____

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